43 WEST VIRGINIA

SUMMARY

On the basis of its solvency in five separate categories, West Virginia ranks 43rd among the US states for fiscal health. West Virginia has between 1.27 and 1.78 times the cash needed to cover short-term obligations. Revenues exceed expenses by 1 percent, with an improving net position of \$89 per capita. In the long run, West Virginia has a net asset ratio of –0.12. Long-term liabilities are lower than the national average, at 43 percent of total assets, or \$4,194 per capita. Total unfunded pension liabilities that are guaranteed to be paid are \$27.75 billion, or 41 percent of state personal income. OPEB are \$3.06 billion, or 4 percent of state personal income.

2016 TOTAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

	General obligation bonds	Total primary government debt	State personal income	Ratio of debt to state personal income	Total primary debt per capita
West Virginia	\$0.39 billion	\$2.03 billion	\$68.46 billion	3.0%	\$1,109
National average	\$5.85 billion	\$12.65 billion	\$319.33 billion	3.7%	\$1,830

PENSION LIABILITY

CTATE DEDT

	Unfunded pension liability	Funded ratio	Market value of unfunded liability	Market value of funded liability ratio	
West Virginia	\$4.33 billion	76%	\$27.75 billion		
National average	\$23.43 billion	73%	\$135.50 billion	32%	

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

	Total unfunded OPEB	Funded ratio		
West Virginia	\$3.06 billion	18%		
National average	\$14.51 billion	14%		

- 1. Nebraska
- 2. South Dakota
- 3. Tennessee
- 4. Florida
- 5. Oklahoma
- 6. Wyoming
- 7. Idaho
- 8. Utah
- 9. North Carolina
- 10. Nevada
- 11. Alaska
- 12. New Hampshire
- 13. Virginia
- 14. Alabama
- 15. Missouri
- 16. Montana
- 17. Kansas
- 18. Georgia
- 19. North Dakota
- 20. South Carolina
- 21. Indiana
- 22. Texas
- 23. Ohio
- 24. Minnesota
- 25. Arkansas
- 26. Wisconsin
- 27. Arizona
- 28. Colorado
- 29. Iowa
- 30. Washington
- 31. Oregon
- 32. Michigan
- 33. Maryland
- 34. Maine
- 35. Pennsylvania
- 36. Mississippi
- 37. Louisiana
- 38. Hawaii
- 39. Vermont
- 40. Rhode Island
- 41. New York
- 42. California

43. West Virginia

- 44. Delaware
- 45. New Mexico
- 46. Kentucky
- 47. Massachusetts
- 48. New Jersey
- 49. Connecticut
- 50. Illinois



UNDERLYING RATIOS

	Cash ratio	Quick ratio	Current ratio	Operating ratio	Surplus (or deficit) per capita		Long-term liability ratio	Long-term liability per capita
West Virginia	1.27	1.54	1.78	1.01	\$89	-0.12	0.43	\$4,194
National average	2.22	2.99	3.22	1.01	-\$72	-0.17	0.63	\$4,387
Tax-to-income ratio			Revenue-to- income ratio		ises-to- ne ratio	Pension-to-inc ratio	ome OPEE	3-to-income ratio
West Virginia	0.07		0.18	0.18		0.41		0.04
National average	0.06 0.13		0.13		0.43		0.04	

1.0

3.0

2.0

KEY TERMS

- **Cash solvency** measures whether a state has enough cash to cover its shortterm bills, which include accounts payable, vouchers, warrants, and shortterm debt. (West Virginia ranks 38th.)
- **Budget solvency** measures whether a state can cover its fiscal year spending using current revenues. Did it run a shortfall during the year? (West Virginia ranks 30th.)
- **Long-run solvency** measures whether a state has a hedge against large long-term liabilities. Are enough assets available to cushion the state from potential shocks or long-term fiscal risks? (West Virginia ranks 34th.)
- **Service-level solvency** measures how high taxes, revenues, and spending are when compared to state personal income. Do states have enough "fiscal slack"? If spending commitments demand more revenues, are states in a good position to increase taxes without harming the economy? Is spending high or low relative to the tax base? (West Virginia ranks 46th.)
- **Trust fund solvency** measures how much debt a state has. How large are unfunded pension liabilities and OPEB liabilities compared to the state personal income? (West Virginia ranks 29th.)

For a complete explanation of the methodology used to calculate West Virginia's fiscal health rankings, see Eileen Norcross and Olivia Gonzalez, "Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition, 2018 Edition" (Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University, Arlington, VA, October 2018).



distance from US average (in standard deviations)